

Appendix 1

to Eurovent consolidated Position Paper concerning Revision of Commission Regulation (EU) No 1253/2014 and Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1254/2014

Related to Position 5

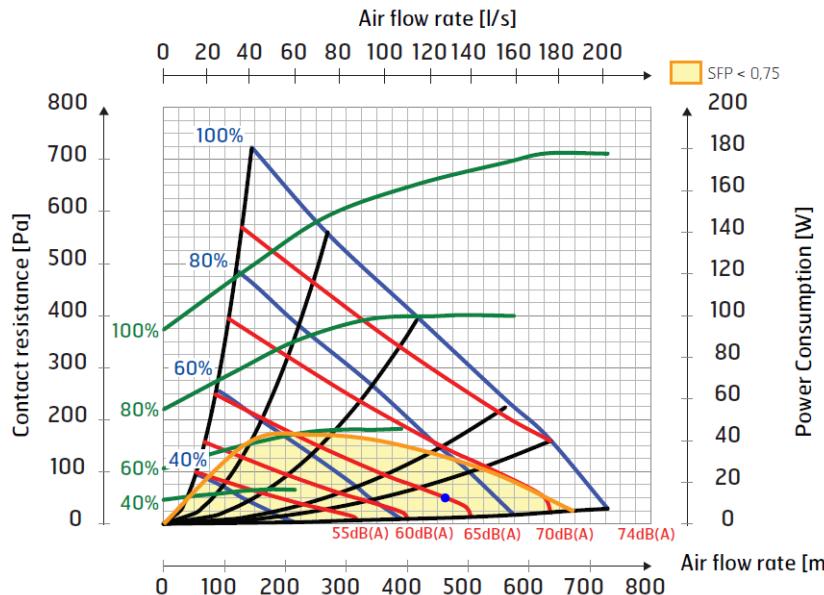
The need for consideration of the actual working point in energy labelling

SEC Value for the customer -Energy label

REASON FOR AN ALTERNATIVE

Comparison of units with different Max

Supply air side



Ventilation unit 1

Max airflowrate at 100Pa is **680m³/h**

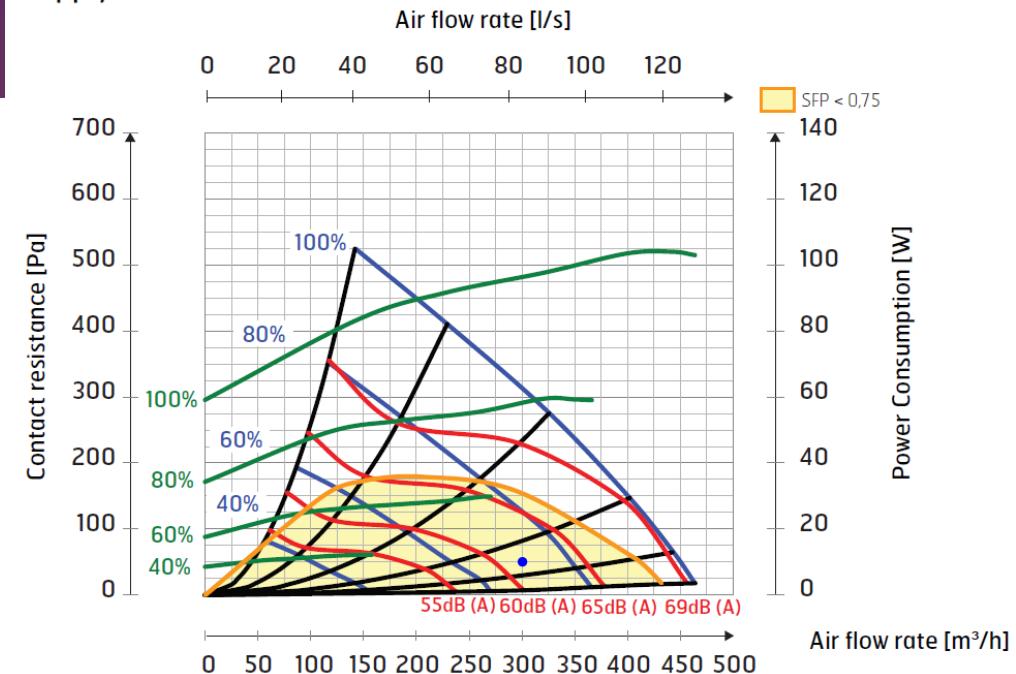
Reference point is 470m³/h at 50Pa
This is the point all ECO Design data is presented.

SEC Value
-33,8



B

Supply air side



Ventilation unit 2

Max airflowrate at 100Pa is **428m³/h**

Reference point is 300m³/h at 50Pa
This is the point all ECO Design data is presented.

SEC Value
-35,4



A

The customer look at the label

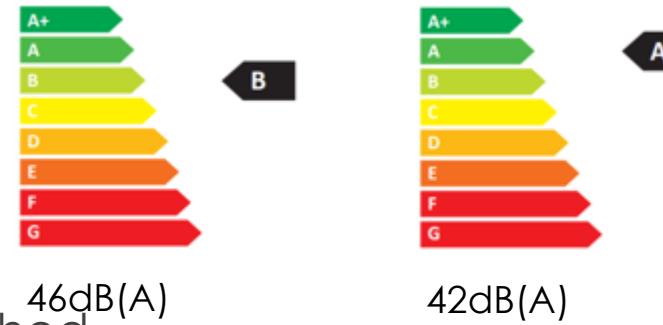
- ▶ The natural thing would be to choose the Unit with the best label.
In this case Unit 2.

This Unit 2 present an class A and SEC value of -35,4

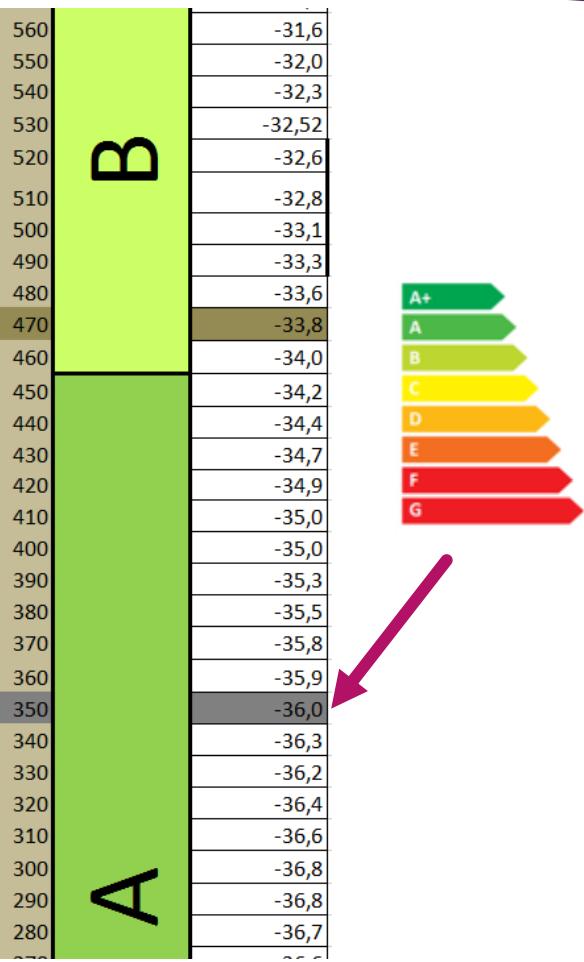
but remember this is only in the Reference point!

We may say that the Unit with the higher Max air flow rate being punished
in the way we choose the workingpoint at 70%,
both SEC class and Sound level is better for the Unit 2 in reference point.

Unit 1	Unit 2
SEC Value -33,8	SEC Value -35,4

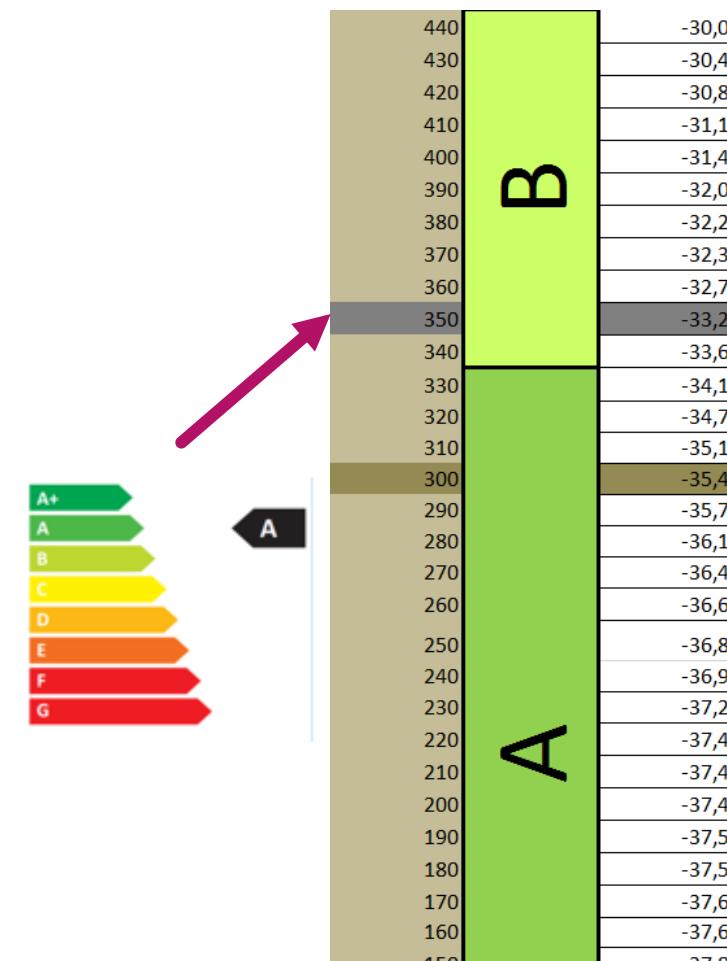


The aim is to use the Unit at a workingpoint 350m³/h at 50Pa

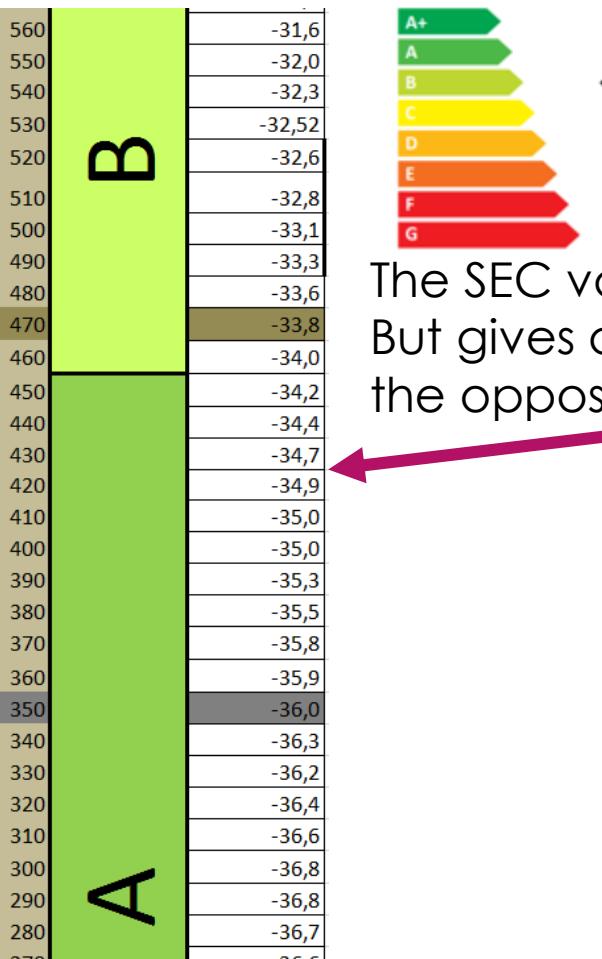


The A labeled unit becomes a B!

And the B labeled unit becomes an A!



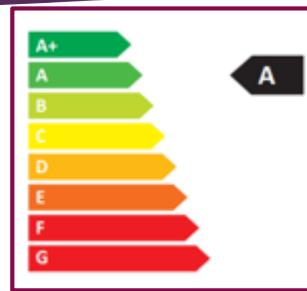
If we change the workingpoint to 350m³/h at 70Pa (more normal house)



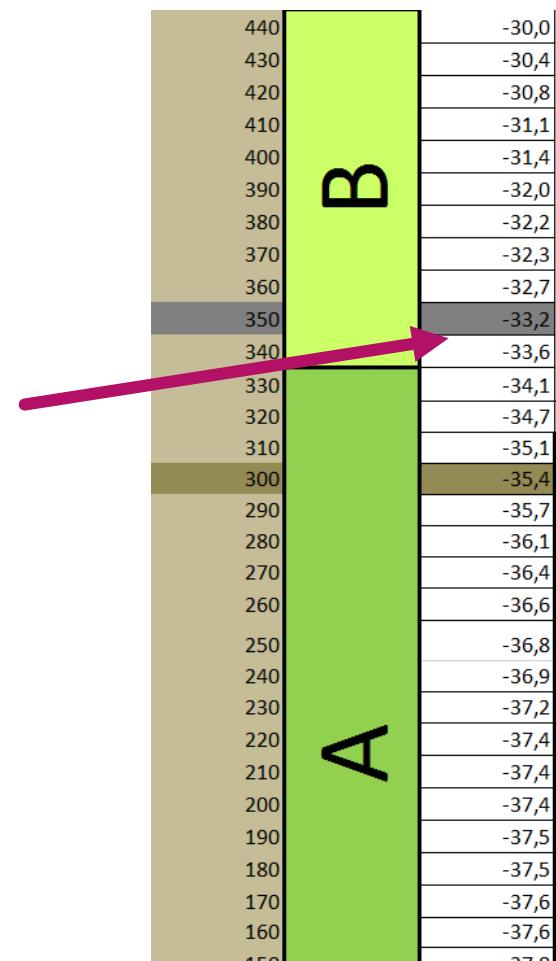
The SEC value : -34,8
But gives an A
the opposite of the label

This means that the label give the customer
"false" advise.

This happens when you compare a unit with
wide flow rate range with a unit with narrow
flow rate range



The SEC value : -33,7
But gives an B
the opposite of the label

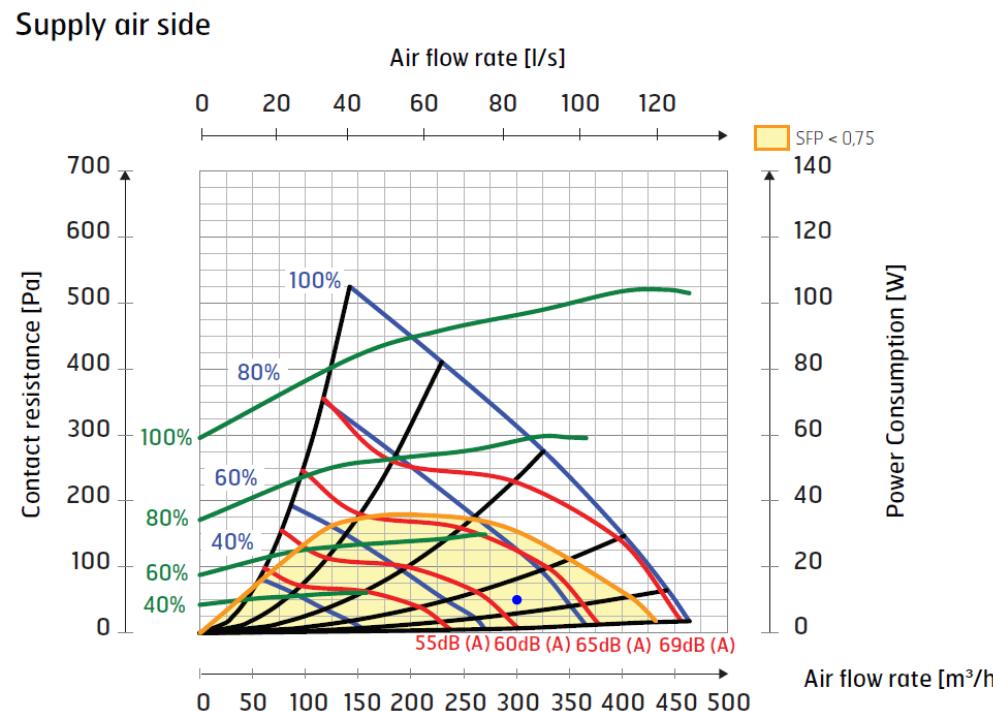




What can we do to
provide enough
information for the
customer ?

SUGGESTION OF AN ALTERNATIVE

Add to the documentation



Today we already measure how much effect the fan uses for the different fan-power adjustments/pressure.

And we do this according to 1253 at minimum 3 different levels (minimum/normal/max)

So the suggestion would be:

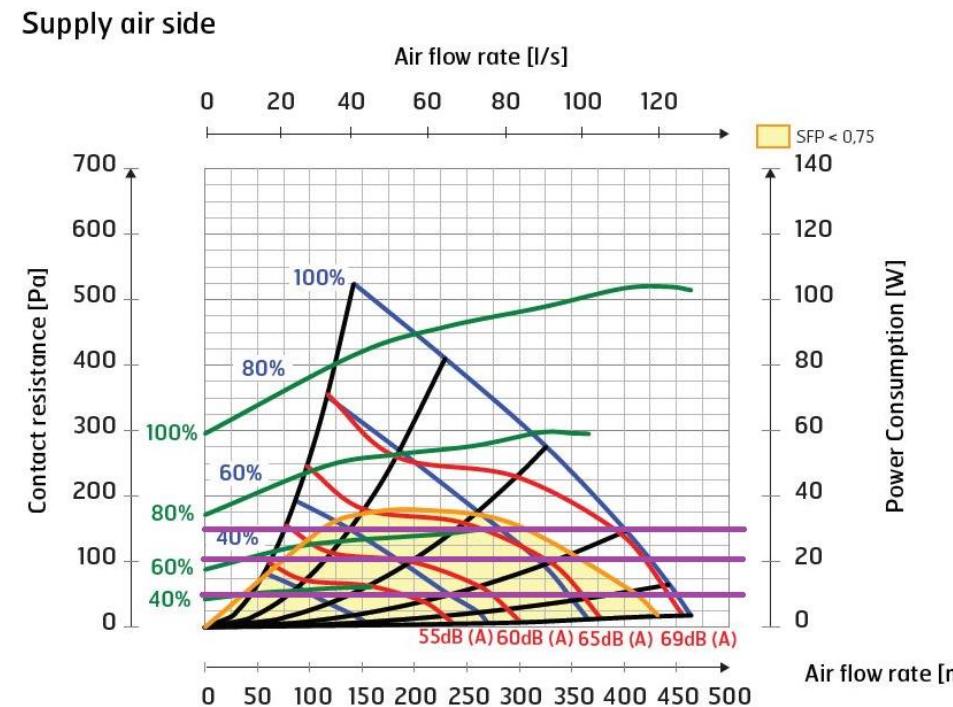
- Make a table with flowrate and SPI for 3 different pressure
50,100,150Pa

Or only the one pressure 100Pa to give a scale of SEC value

Air flow rate m³/h	SPI kW/(m³/h)
300	0,000358
290	0,000350
280	0,000350
270	0,000339
260	0,000339
250	0,000333
240	0,000328
230	0,000322
220	0,000317

A scale with SEC value in the documentation

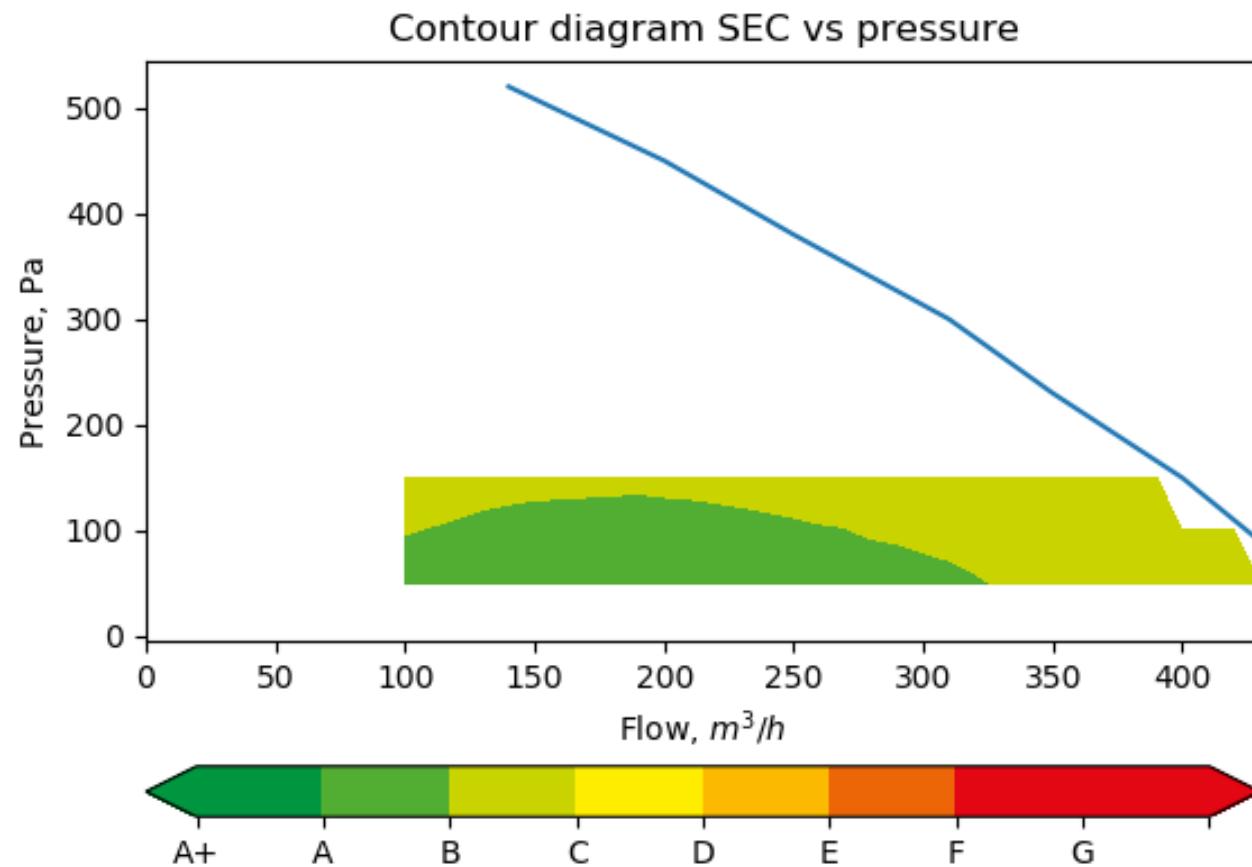
- ▶ This can mean that you have a scale of SEC value in your documentation as an addition to the label
- ▶ The data you need is SPI value for different Pressure. For units that do not reach 100Pa



Air flow rate m³/h	50Pa			100Pa			150Pa		
	SPI kW/(m³/h)								
300	0,00031	0,00037	0,00042						
290	0,00030	0,00036	0,00041						
280	0,00029	0,00036	0,00040						
270	0,00029	0,00035	0,00040						
260	0,00028	0,00035	0,00040						
250	0,00027	0,00034	0,00040						
240	0,00026	0,00034	0,00039						
230	0,00025	0,00033	0,00039						
220	0,00025	0,00033	0,00039						
210	0,00025	0,00032	0,00039						
200	0,00025	0,00031	0,00039						

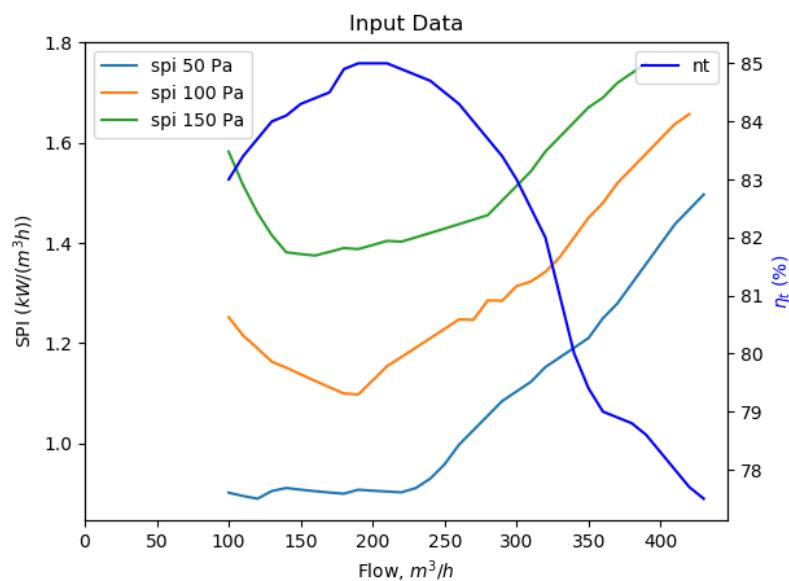
A scale at 50Pa is enough!

Example how this could look like



Here you can choose your working point!

Input - Result



Flow SEC 50 Pa	SEC 100 Pa	SEC 150 Pa
100	-36.6 A	-33.8 B
110	-36.8 A	-34.2 A
120	-36.9 A	-34.5 A
130	-36.9 A	-34.8 A
140	-36.9 A	-34.9 A
150	-36.9 A	-35.1 A
160	-37.0 A	-35.2 A
170	-37.0 A	-35.4 A
180	-37.2 A	-35.6 A
190	-37.2 A	-35.6 A
200	-37.2 A	-35.4 A
210	-37.2 A	-35.2 A
220	-37.2 A	-35.0 A
230	-37.1 A	-34.8 A
240	-36.9 A	-34.6 A
250	-36.6 A	-34.4 A
260	-36.2 A	-34.2 A
270	-35.9 A	-34.1 A
280	-35.6 A	-33.7 B
290	-35.2 A	-33.6 B
300	-35.0 A	-33.3 B
310	-34.7 A	-33.1 B
320	-34.3 A	-32.7 B
330	-33.8 B	-32.2 B
340	-33.4 B	-31.6 B
350	-33.0 B	-31.1 B
360	-32.6 B	-30.7 B

